DEATH CLAIM FOR GROUP LIFE PLANS

ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, Minneapolis, MN ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Woodbury, NY Members of the Voya® family of companies (the "Company")



Submit at voya.com/claims (select Upload Documents)

Phone: 888-238-4840; **Voya Life Claims:** PO Box 1548, Minneapolis, MN 55440 **Overnight Address:** 250 Marquette Avenue, Suite 900, Minneapolis, MN 55401

CLAIM CHECKLIST				
☐ SIGN and DATE this completed form, then submit usin☐ Provide the appropriate Proof of Death - Claimant? ☐ Attach the enrollment documentation, any benefician death certificate is required if the benefit is above \$5	s Statement to the beneficiar ry change documentation and		ı manner and cause of	death (a certified
Include the name and contact information for the per		the Employer Group:		
SECTION 1. GROUP INFORMATION (All s	sections completed by the	e Employer.)		
Group Name		, , ,		
Group Policy Number		Number		
Claim Number				
SECTION 2. EMPLOYEE / INSURED INFO	DMATION			
Select, if applicable.: International / Foreign Addre		Initial) (Last)		
Employee Name (First)	(Mildule	IIIIIIai) (Lasi)	Gondor: DM	alo D Fomalo
Other names the employee may have been known by _				
Address				
Address				
City			ZIP	
Country				
Phone ()				
Marital Status: Married Domestic Partner / Cir	vil Union Never Married	☐ Divorced ☐ Widowe	d	
Date Last Actively at Work (also include for depende	ent claims)	Employment Sta	ırt Date	
Job Title				
Salary \$per:		year Last Salary Ch	iange Date	
Employment Status: Full Time Part Time Av	verage Hours Per Week	La	bor Status: Union	Non Union
Employment Status at Death: Active Retired [Disability Waiver of Premiun	n FMLA (include FMLA de	ocumentation) 🔲 Unc	ler Continuation
Reason for Stopping Work				
Have premiums been paid to the date of death? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	es No If "no," t	o what date have premiums	been paid?	
Date of Death Cause of Death _				
If death was caused by injuries, explain (Attach newspar	per clinning if available)			

Group Policy Number			
Employee Name (First)	(Middle Initial) _	(Last)	
SECTION 2. EMPLOYEE / I	NSURED INFORMATION (CONTINUED)		
Relationship to the Employee / Insur Effective Date This Dependent Was I Dependent Name <i>(First)</i>	dent, complete the following information concerning deped: Spouse Domestic Partner / Civil Union Insured (Middle Initial)	Child / Stepchile Dependent P (Last)	d hone ()
Is the address the same as Employe	e? Yes No (If "no," provide address below.)		Gender. [] Male [] Female
City		State	ZIP
SECTION 3. COVERAGE IN	NFORMATION		
Basic Life \$	Accidental Death \$		Effective Date
Supplemental Life \$	Supplemental Accidental Death \$		Effective Date
Supplemental AD&D \$			Effective Date
Status of Beneficiary Designation:	Beneficiary Designation Attached Beneficiary De	esignation Not O	n File
SECTION 4. EMPLOYER C	ERTIFICATION		
	above statements as to the insured are correct as reportent: The undersigned certifies that a Voya Personal Trans		
insurance or statement of claim c any fact material thereto, commi	rson who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insontaining any materially false information, or conceal ts a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and stralue of the claim for each such violation.	s for the purpo	se of misleading, information concerning
Employer Name	Title		
Employer Address			
City		State	ZIP
Phone ()	Email		
By typing your name in the box below legal equivalent of your handwritten	w, you are electronically signing this document. Your electronically signature.	onic signature wi	ll be legally binding and enforceable and the
	3		

FRAUD WARNINGS

Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, West Virginia: Any person who, knowingly with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and may subject such person to criminal and civil penalties, and denial of insurance benefits.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona Law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico: Any person who, knowingly and with the intent to defraud, presents false information in an insurance request form, or who presents, helps or has presented a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, will incur a felony, and upon conviction will be penalized for each violation with a fine no less than five thousand (5,000) dollars nor more than ten thousand (10,000) dollars, or imprisonment for a fixed term of three (3) years, or both penalties. If aggravated circumstances prevail, the fixed established imprisonment may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years; if attenuating circumstances prevail, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.